UNITED STATES DISTRICT COUR SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW Y	ORK
NADINE WEINGARTEN,	X 2010 SEP 21 A 11: 2
NADINE WEINGARTEN,	Civil Action No. OF N.Y. W.P.
Plaintiff,	JUDGE SEIBEL
-against-	COMPLAINT
REMEX INC.,	DEMAND FOR HIRV TRIAL
Defenda	nt(s). The state of the state o

Plaintiff NADINE WEINGARTEN ("Plaintiff") by and through her attorneys, M. Harvey Rephen & Associates, P.C., as and for its Complaint against the Defendant REMEX INC. ("RI") hereinafter referred to as <u>Defendant(s)</u>"), respectfully sets forth, complains and alleges, upon information and belief, the following:

INTRODUCTION/PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

1. Plaintiff brings this action on her own behalf for damages and declaratory and injunctive relief arising from the Defendant's violation(s) of §1692 et seq. of Title 15 of the United States Code, commonly referred to as the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act ("FDCPA"), and New York General Business Law §349 prohibiting unfair and deceptive practices.

<u>PARTIES</u>

- 2. Plaintiff is a resident of the State of New York, with a residence at 501 Seven Fields Lane, Brewster, New York 10509.
- 3. Remex, Inc. is a corporation organized in New Jersey, with their main office at 307 Wall St., Princeton, NJ 08540.
 - 4. RI is a "debt collector" as the phrase is defined and used in the

FDCPA under 15 USC §1692a(6).

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 5. The Court has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to <u>28 USC §1331</u>, as well as <u>15 USC §1692</u> *et seq.* and <u>28 U.S.C. §2201</u>. If applicable, the Court also has pendent jurisdiction over the state law claims in this action pursuant to <u>28 U.S.C. §1367(a)</u>.
 - 6. Venue is proper in this judicial district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b)(2).

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS

- 7. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "6" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 8. On information and belief, Defendant, on behalf of a third-party, began collecting an alleged consumer debt from the Plaintiff.
- 9. On information and belief, and better known to the Defendant, the Defendant began its collection efforts and campaign of communicating with the Plaintiff in 2004.
- 10. The Plaintiff had paid the alleged debt in 2005. The Defendant's representative Mark Davis admitted that the Plaintiff paid the debt in 2005 in a Sept. 15th, 2010 conversation with the Plaintiff's attorney.
- 11. The Defendant in spite of having known that the debt was paid continued to attempt to collect the debt for five more years to September 2010.
- 12. The Plaintiff since 2005 has been disputing with the Defendant that there is no debt.
 - 13. The Plaintiff disputed the debt with the Defendant again in 2007 and again in

August and September of 2010.

- 14. The Defendant in August/September 2010 admitted in a phone call with the Plaintiff that the Plaintiff had disputed the debt in 2006 and 2007.
- 15. The Defendant in the August/September conversation again attempted to collect the debt or again have the Plaintiff send proof that she paid the debt.
- 16. The Defendant placed a negative report on the Plaintiffs TransUnion report in May 2004 and never updated it to reflect that the debt was disputed and thereby violated 15 USC §1692f preface by using an unfair and unconscionable means to collect a debt, and further violated 15 USC §1692e(2)(A) by falsely representing the character of the debt as undisputed, and further violated 15 USC §1692e(8) by failing to communicate that a disputed debt is disputed.
- 17. Defendants placed the Alleged Debt as an unpaid bill on the Plaintiff's credit report and failed to mark the item as disputed, hereby violating the FCRA which, amongst other things, prohibits the reporting of a debt that is disputed, communicating information which is known to be disputed, and by failing to provide notice of dispute to the credit reporting agencies. The Defendants' debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FCRA, including but not limited to 15 USC §1681s-2a.
- 18. The Defendant's further violated 15 USC §1692e(11) by failing to provide the required disclosures identifying themselves as debt collectors during the August 2010 phone call with the Plaintiff (recorded).
- 19. The Defendant further violated 15 USC §1692d by harassing and abusing the Plaintiff from 2005 2010 by both trying to collect a debt that was already paid

- of which they had knowledge of and also failing to mark the debt as disputed which caused actual damages to the Plaintiff's credit rating, and further failing to mark the debt as paid in full which was a violation of 15 USC §1692e –preface and e(10) by using a deceptive, false, and misleading representation in connection with the collection of the alleged debt, and thereby also causing the Plaintiff to suffer actual damages.
- 20. As a result of Defendant's abusive, deceptive and unfair debt collection practices, Plaintiff has been damaged.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION (Violations of the FDCPA)

- 21. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "20" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.
- 22. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of the FDCPA, including but not limited to 15 USC §1692e(11), 15 USC §1692e(2)(A), 15 USC §1692e preface and e(10), 15 USC §1692e(8), 15 USC §1692f preface and FCRA 15 USC §1681s-2a.
- 23. As a result of Defendant's violations of the FDCPA, Plaintiff has been damaged and is entitled to damages in accordance with the FDCPA.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (New York State Claims)

24. Plaintiff repeats, reiterates and incorporates the allegations contained in paragraphs numbered "1" through "23" herein with the same force and effect as if the same were set forth at length herein.

- 25. Defendant's debt collection efforts attempted and/or directed towards the Plaintiff violated various provisions of New York General Business Law §349 which prohibits deceptive and misleading business practices.
- 26. As a result of Defendant's violations of New York General Business Law City, Plaintiff has been damaged and is entitled to damages in accordance with New York General Business Law §349 (h).

DEMAND FOR TRIAL BY JURY

27. Plaintiff NADINE WEINGARTEN hereby respectfully requests a trial by jury for all claims and issues in its Complaint to which it is or may be entitled to a jury trial.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff NADINE WEINGARTEN demands judgment from REMEX INC., as follows:

- A. For actual damages provided and pursuant to 15 USC §1692k(a)(1);
- B. For statutory damages provided and pursuant to 15 USC §1692k(2)(A);
- C. For statutory damages provided and pursuant to 15 USC §1692k(2)(B);
- D. For attorneys' fees and costs provided and pursuant to 15 USC §1692k(a)(3); and New York General Business Law §349 (h).
 - E. A declaration that the Defendant's practices violated the FDCPA;
 - G. For any such other and further relief, as well as further costs,

expenses and disbursements of this action, as this Court may deem just and proper.

Dated:

New York, New York

Sept. 16th 2010

Respectfully submitted,

M. Harvey Rephen, (MR3384), Esq.

M. HARVEY REPHEN & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

708 Third Avenue, 6th Floor New York, New York 10017

Phone: (212) 796-0930 Facsimile: (212) 330 -7582

Attorney for the Plaintiff Nadine Weingarten

To: Remex Inc. 307 Wall St.

Princeton, NJ 08540

(Via Prescribed Service)

Clerk.

United States District Court, Southern of New York (For Filing Purposes)

	Defendant(s).	
REMEX INC.,		
-against-		
	Plaintiff(s),	
NADINE WEINGARTEN,		
JNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK		CASE NO.:

M. HARVEY REPHEN & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 708 Third Avenue, 6th Floor New York, New York 10017 Phone: (212) 796-0930 Facsimile: (212) 330 -7582